## Case 1:16-cr-00170-JGK Document 101 Filed 04/04/16 Page 1 of 26

G34SWILP 1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK 2 3 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 4 16 CR. 170 (JGK) V. 5 DEREK WILLIAMS, 6 Defendant. -----x 7 8 New York, N.Y. March 4, 2016 9 9:30 a.m. 10 Before: 11 HON. PAUL A. ENGELMAYER, 12 District Judge 13 APPEARANCES 14 15 PREET BHARARA United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York 16 ANDREW BEATY 17 Assistant United States Attorney JOSHUA L. DRATEL, P.C. 18 Attorneys for Defendant 19 BY: LINDSAY LEWIS 20 21 22 23 24 25

(Case called)

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MR. BEATY: Good morning, your Honor. Andrew Beaty for the government.

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THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Beaty.

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MS. LEWIS: Good morning, your Honor. Lindsay Lewis on behalf of Joshua Dratel, standing in for Joshua Dratel, on

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behalf of Derek Williams.

you, Mr. Williams.

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THE COURT: Good morning, Ms. Lewis. Good morning to

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THE DEFENDANT: Good morning.

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THE COURT: For the record, I am in turn standing as

Notwithstanding that, I feel the obligation to make

12

well. I am standing in for Judge Koeltl, whose case this is.

13

I am serving in this capacity solely for today only in  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{m}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{y}}$ 

14

capacity as Part I judge.

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the following disclosure, which for the defense's benefit, Mr.

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Beaty was my law clerk several years ago. Under the

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circumstances, I make that disclosure when he or other former  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right$ 

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clerks appear in front of me. In general, it doesn't seem, to

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me, to be in any way disqualifying. It is something that the

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defense ought to know. It is particularly, to my mind,

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immaterial given that I am here solely for the purposes of

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today.

Defense, no issues for you?

I wanted to put it on the record.

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MS. LEWIS: No issues, your Honor.

THE COURT: Very good. 1 Ms. Lewis, I have been informed that your client 2 3 wishes to plead quilty to Count One of a superseding 4 information, which I believe has been stamped for the time 5 being 15 Mag. 4269? 6 MS. LEWIS: Yes, that's correct, your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Mr. Williams, is it correct in fact that you intended to plead guilty to that charge? 8 9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Before I accept your quilty plea, I am 11 going to ask you certain questions that I can establish to my 12 satisfaction that you wish to plead guilty because you are 13 quilty and not for some other reason. If you don't understand 14 any of my questions or you would like a further opportunity to 15 consult with your attorney, will you please let me know? 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Are you able to speak and understand 18 English? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 20 THE COURT: Can I ask you just to keep your voice up, 21 please? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 23 THE COURT: Thank you. 24 Mr. Smallman, would you kindly place the defendant

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under oath.

1	(Defendant sworn)
2	THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Williams, that
3	you're now under oath, and if you answer any of my questions
4	falsely, your answers to my questions may be used against you
5	in another prosecution for perjury?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
7	THE COURT: What is your full name?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Derek Marcelle Williams II.
9	THE COURT: The second?
10	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
11	THE COURT: How old are you?
12	THE DEFENDANT: 34.
13	THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
14	THE DEFENDANT: To 11th grade.
15	THE COURT: Where was that?
16	THE DEFENDANT: August Martin High School.
17	THE COURT: What was that?
18	THE DEFENDANT: August Martin High School in Queens.
19	THE COURT: In Queens. Thank you.
20	Have you ever been treated or hospitalized for any
21	mental illness?
22	THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.
23	THE COURT: Are you now or have you recently been
24	under the care of a doctor or a psychiatrist?
25	THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

1 THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized or treated for addiction to any drugs or to alcohol? 2 3 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 4 THE COURT: In the past 24 hours, have you taken any 5 drugs, medicine or pills, or drunk any alcoholic beverages? 6 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 7 THE COURT: Is your mind clear today? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 9 THE COURT: Do you understand what is happening in 10 this proceeding? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 12 THE COURT: Do you either counsel have any doubt as to 13 the defendant's competence to plead at this time? 14 No, your Honor. MR. BEATY: 15 MS. LEWIS: No, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Based on the defendant's responses to my 17 question and his demeanor as he appears before me, and as 18 confirmed by counsel's independent assessments, I find that the 19 defendant is competent to enter a plea of guilty at this time. 20 Mr. Williams, have you had a sufficient opportunity to 21 discuss your case with your attorney? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 23 THE COURT: Have you had a sufficient opportunity to 24 discuss the particular charge to which you intend to plead 25 guilty, any possible defenses to that charge, and the

consequences of entering a plea of guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Are you satisfied with your attorney's representation of you, including your attorney's representation in connection with reaching a plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I am now going to explain certain constitutional rights that you have. You'll be giving up these rights if you enter a plea of guilty.

Under the Constitution and laws of the United States, you're entitled to a speedy and a public trial by a jury on the charge contained in the information. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: At that trial, you would be presumed to be innocent and the government would be required to prove you guilty by competent evidence and beyond a reasonable doubt before you could be found guilty. You would not have to prove that you were innocent and a jury of 12 people would have to agree unanimously that you were guilty. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: At that trial and at every stage of your case, you would be entitled to be represented by an attorney. If you could not afford one, one would be appointed to represent you free of charge. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: During a trial, the witness for the government would have to come to court and testify in your presence and your lawyer could cross-examine the witness for the government, object to evidence offered by the government, and if you desired, issue subpoenas, offer evidence, and compel witnesses to testify in your behalf. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: At a trial, although you would have the right to testify if you chose to, you would also have the right not to testify and no inference or suggestion of guilt could be drawn from the fact that you did not testify, if that was what you chose to do. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: At trial, the government would have to prove each and every part or element of a charge beyond a reasonable doubt for you to be convicted of that charge. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that if you were convicted at a trial, you would have the right to appeal that verdict?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Everyone at this time, right now, even as you are in the process of entering this guilty plea, you have

the right to change your mind, plead not guilty, and go to trial. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: If you plead guilty and Judge Koeltl and I accept your plea, you will give up your right to a trial and the other rights that I have just described. There will be no trial and Judge Koeltl will enter a judgment of guilty and sentence you on the basis of your guilty plea, after considering the submissions relating to sentencing that he receives from you, your lawyer, and the government, as well as a presentence report prepared by the probation department. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: If you plead guilty, you will also have to give up your right not to incriminate yourself, because today I will ask you questions about what you did in order to satisfy myself that you are, in fact, guilty as charged. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Now, the document which contains the charge to which you have indicated you wish to plead guilty is called an information. It has been issued by the United States Attorney. This is a serious crime. You have a constitutional right to require the government to present evidence to a grand jury, which may or may not vote to charge you with this crime.

Do you understand what a grand jury is? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 3 THE COURT: If the grand jury did vote to charge you 4 with this crime, the charge would be contained in a document 5 called an indictment rather than an information. An indictment would be signed by the United States Attorney and the grand 6 7 jury foreperson. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 8 9 THE COURT: Do you wish to give up your right to be 10 charged by a grand jury? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 12 THE COURT: Counsel have handed up a signed waiver of 13 indictment form. 14 Ms. Lewis, is this your signature on the form? 15 THE DEFENDANT: It is, your Honor, yes. THE COURT: Mr. Williams, is this your signature on 16 17 the form? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. THE COURT: My deputy, Mr. Smallman, has signed the 19 20 document as well as a witness. When you signed this form, 21 Mr. Williams, did you understand that you were acknowledging 22 your willingness to give up your right to be indicted by a 23 grand jury? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I find a voluntary and knowing right

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waiver by Mr. Williams of the right to be indicted by a grand 1 2 jury. 3 Mr. Williams, have you received a copy of the 4 information containing the charge against you? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I did. 5 6 THE COURT: Have you read it? 7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 8 THE COURT: Have you had an opportunity to discuss it 9 and have you discussed it with your attorneys? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 11 THE COURT: Do you understand that you're charged in 12 Count One with conspiracy to commit mail and wire fraud? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 14 THE COURT: Do you understand that the maximum 15 possibility penalty for this crime is 20 years' imprisonment? 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 17 THE COURT: The maximum fine for this crime may reach the greatest of \$250,000, twice the gross pecuniary gain 18 derived from the offense, or twice the gross pecuniary loss to 19 20 persons other than you. Do you understand that? 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 22 THE COURT: For pleading quilty to this crime, you may 23 receive a term of up to three years' supervised release. 24 you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Supervised release means you would be subject to monitoring when you are released from prison. There are terms of supervised release with which a person must comply. If you don't comply with them, you can be returned to prison without a jury trial for all or part of the term of supervised release imposed by the court.

Under those circumstances, you would not be given any credit towards that term for the time you had served in prison as a result of your sentence for this crime, nor would you necessarily be given any credit towards that term for any time you had already spent on post-release supervision. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: For pleading guilty to this crime, you'll be required to pay a mandatory \$100 special assessment. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: For pleading guilty to this crime, you may be required to pay restitution to any person injured as a result of your criminal conduct. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: For pleading guilty to this crime, you may be compelled to forfeit any and all property constituting and derived from proceeds obtained by your criminal conduct. Do you understand that?

1 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. THE COURT: As I understand it, you are agreeing as 2 3 well to the forfeiture allegation in Count One of the 4 information, is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 5 6 THE COURT: Do you also understand that if I accept 7 your quilty plea and adjudge you quilty, that may deprive you of valuable civil rights, such as the right to vote, the right 8 9 to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury, and the 10 right to possess any kind of firearm? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 12 THE COURT: Are you a United States citizen? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 14 THE COURT: Now, under current law, there are sentencing quidelines as well as other factors set forth in the 15 sentencing statutes that judges must consider in determining a 16 17 sentence. Do you understand that? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 19 THE COURT: Have you spoken with your attorneys about 20 the sentencing guidelines and those other factors? 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I have. 22 THE COURT: Do you understand that the court will not 23 be able to determine the quideline range -- and when I say the 24 court, I mean Judge Koeltl -- that will form a part of the

court's determination of what a reasonable sentence will be in

your case until after a presentence report has been prepared and until after you and your attorney and the government have had the chance to challenge any of the factors reported by the probation officer?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that even though the parties have stipulated in the plea agreement to how the sentencing guidelines apply to the facts of your case and your criminal history as it presently stands, that range of 37 to 46 months is not binding on the probation department and is not binding on the court?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that under the plea agreement, the parties have agreed that your criminal history category may have occasion to increase depending on the disposition of a pending state court charge and what its status is prior to your sentencing. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that even after the court has determined what guideline range applies to your case, the court will have the discretion under the current law to impose a sentence that is higher or lower than the one suggested by the sentencing guidelines?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that if your attorney or

anyone else has attempted to predict what your sentence will be, their prediction could be wrong; no one, not your attorney, not the government's attorney, no one can give you any assurance of what your sentence will be, because the sentencing judge, Judge Koeltl, is going to decide your sentence.

He obviously isn't here and he can't do that now.

Even if he was here, he wouldn't be able to do that now.

Instead, as is customarily the case, he is going to wait until he receives the presentence report prepared by the probation department, he is going to do his own independent calculation of how the sentencing guidelines apply, he is going to thoughtfully look at the materials both parties submit in connection with sentencing, including also the probation department's presentence report.

Most of all, he is going to determine what a reasonable sentence is for you based on all of the sentencing factors contained in the sentencing statute, which is known as Section 3553(a).

Do you understand all that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Have you discussed these issues and sentencing process with your attorneys?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I have.

THE COURT: Even if your sentence is different from what your attorneys or anyone else has told you it might be,

even if it is different from what you expect, even if it is different from the range that is calculated in the plea agreement, you would still be bound by your guilty plea and you would not be allowed to withdraw your plea of guilty. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you or anyone forced you in any way to plead guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Has there been, Mr. Williams, a plea agreement entered into between you and your counsel and counsel for the government?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I am going to mark the plea agreement as Government Exhibit 1. Let me direct you in the back page to the signatures that appear.

I see here a signature from a government attorney. Is that your signature, Mr. Beaty, or Mr. Richenthal?

MR. BEATY: It is Mr. Richenthal's signature.

THE COURT: I see here as well the signature of Arlo Devlin-Brown, the chief of the public corruption unit. Is that Mr. Devlin-Brown's signature?

MR. BEATY: It is, your Honor.

THE COURT: Ms. Lewis, I see here your signature for Mr. Dreidel. Is that your signature?

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1
               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is.
               THE COURT: It says here March 2016, but there is no
 2
 3
            Did you sign that today?
      date.
 4
               MS. LEWIS:
                          I'm sorry. Yes, I did.
 5
               THE COURT: Can I add in March 4 then?
 6
                          Yes, please, your Honor.
               MS. LEWIS:
 7
               THE COURT: Mr. Williams, see here your signature also
8
      dated March 2016. Is that your signature?
9
               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
10
               THE COURT: Did you sign it today?
11
               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I did.
12
               THE COURT: I am going to write in March 4 on the plea
13
      agreement.
14
                          Thank you.
               MS. LEWIS:
15
               THE COURT:
                          Mr. Williams, did you read this plea
      agreement before you signed it?
16
17
               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I have. Yes, sir.
18
               THE COURT: Did you discuss it with your attorneys
19
     before you signed it?
20
               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.
21
               THE COURT: Did you believe you understood the
22
      agreement when you signed it?
23
               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I have.
24
               THE COURT: Did you willingly sign this agreement?
25
               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
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THE COURT: Did anyone force you to sign it?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Do you have any agreement with the government about your plea or your sentence that has been left out of this written agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Mr. Beaty, would you please very briefly summarize the criminal terms of the plea agreement?

MR. BEATY: Yes, your Honor.

The first several paragraphs describe the charges to which the defendant is agreeing to plead guilty, specifically conspiracy to commit mail fraud and wire fraud. The defendant agrees to pay forfeiture and restitution as ordered by the court. The next section on page two calculates the applicable guidelines range for this crime based on a loss amount of between 250 and \$550,000 and based on an enhancement for the defendant serving as a manager or supervisor of the criminal activity. Based on that, the parties agree that the applicable guidelines offense level is 19.

On the third page, the plea agreement calculates the defendant's criminal history category to include five criminal history category criminal history points and thus criminal history category III. Based on that criminal history category and the guidelines offense level, the parties agree that the stipulated guidelines range is 37 to 46 months' imprisonment

and an applicable fine range of 10,000 to \$100,000. The parties agree that either party may seek a sentence that is higher or lower than the stipulated guidelines range based on the factors in Section 3553(a).

On page five, the defendant agrees not to file any sort of direct appeal or collateral attack on his conviction based on any sentence that is within or below the stipulated guidelines range of 37 to 46 months. He also agrees not to appeal any order of forfeiture or restitution that is less than or equal to \$437,325.

Those, I believe, your Honor, are the terms of the plea agreement.

THE COURT: Defense counsel, do you agree with the summary that Mr. Beaty just gave of those terms?

MS. LEWIS: Yes, I do, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Williams, did you hear and understand Mr. Beaty as he summarized those terms?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I do.

THE COURT: Let me just highlight a couple of things.

One is that the parties have stipulated here that the guidelines, based on presently known facts, is to a term of imprisonment of between 37 and 46 months' imprisonment. I just want to make sure that you understand that that stipulation, although it binds the parties based on present facts, does not bind Judge Koeltl and it doesn't bind the probation department

because they have got to independently calculate for themselves 1 how the guidelines apply to your case. Do you understand that? 2 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I do. 4 THE COURT: The plea agreement also provides that you 5 are giving up your right to appeal or otherwise challenge your 6 sentence so long as you're not sentenced to more than 46 months 7 in prison. Do you understand that? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir, I do. 9 THE COURT: Has anyone made any promise or done 10 anything other than what is contained in the plea agreement to 11 induce you to plead guilty? 12 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 13 THE COURT: Has anyone made a promise to you as to 14 what your sentence will be? 15 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. THE COURT: Would you please at this point tell me in 16 17 your own words what you did that makes you believe that you're 18 guilty of the charge in the information, again, conspiracy to commit mail and wire fraud? 19 20 THE DEFENDANT: In furtherance of the conspiracy 21 charged in Count One --22 THE COURT: Speak a little more loudly. 23 THE DEFENDANT: In furtherance of the conspiracy 24 charged in Count One, I agreed with others to check balances on

electronic benefit transfer cards --

1 THE COURT: Sir, I am doing to ask you to slow down. You are talking very fast. 2 3 MS. LEWIS: Would it help if he stood? That's fine if he stands. 4 THE COURT: 5 THE DEFENDANT: In furtherance of the conspiracy 6 charged in Count One, I agreed with others to check balances on 7 electronic benefit transfer cards in other people's name in which I knew were used to obtain money fraudulently. Also, in 8 9 furtherance of the conspiracy charged in Count One, I agreed 10 with others to receive through the mail fraudulent rental 11 assistance checks that were cashed in the Southern District of 12 New York. 13 THE COURT: When you did these acts, did you know that 14 what you were doing was wrong? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Did you know that you were committing a 17 crime? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 19 THE COURT: Ms. Lewis, help me. I was having a tiny 20 bit of difficulty understanding a few of the words your client 21 Explain to me what he has said that supports conspiracy 22 to the mail fraud part of the charge. 23 MS. LEWIS: With regard to the mail fraud, your Honor,

in furtherance of that conspiracy, he agreed with others and

cashed -- I'm sorry -- received through the mail fraudulent

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rental assistance checks that were ultimately cashed in the 1 Southern District of New York. 2 3 THE COURT: Is that correct, sir, Mr. Williams? 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 5 THE COURT: Now articulate for me, I just want to make sure that the elements of the conspiracy to commit wire fraud 6 7 are covered. MS. LEWIS: Yes, your Honor. 8 9 With regard to the wire fraud conspiracy charged in 10 Count One, he agreed with others to check the balances on 11 electronic benefit transfer cards that were in other people's 12 names in which he knew were used to obtain money in a 13 fraudulent manner? 14 THE COURT: Under the wire fraud statutes, those need 15 to be interstate, correct? 16 MS. LEWIS: Yes, and that's as well. 17 I'm sorry. What is it then, Ms. Lewis, THE COURT: 18 that was interstate about the wire transfers here, the wire communications here? 19 20 I want to hear from the defense. 21 MS. LEWIS: Just one moment, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Mr. Beaty, do you want to take a moment 23 and communicate with defense counsel? I want to make sure we

have a clear articulation of the jurisdictional element.

MR. BEATY: Yes, your Honor.

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1 (Pause) MS. LEWIS: Your Honor, I believe the government will 2 3 proffer to the interstate nature. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Beaty, can you help us out? 5 MR. BEATY: Yes, your Honor. 6 I can proffer for the court that the funds used to 7 fund the electronic benefit transfer cards were the source that was an interstate wire from Baltimore, Maryland. 8 9 THE COURT: Ms. Lewis, do you agree that? 10 MS. LEWIS: Yes, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Mr. Williams, do you agree with that as 12 well? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Mr. Beaty, does the government counsel 15 agree that, with the followup we have had, there is a sufficient factual predicate for a guilty plea? 16 17 MR. BEATY: Yes, your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Ms. Lewis, do you agree there is a 19 sufficient factual predicate for a guilty plea? 20 MS. LEWIS: Yes, I do, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Do you understand Ms. Lewis of any valid 22 defense that would prevail at trial or any reason why your 23 client should not be permitted to plead quilty? 24 MS. LEWIS: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Williams, are you pleading guilty

voluntarily and of your own free will because you are, in fact, guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Can government counsel represent that, had the case gone to trial, it had sufficient evidence of each element to establish a conviction?

MR. BEATY: Yes.

THE COURT: Mr. Williams, because you acknowledge that you are, in fact, guilty as charged in the information, because I am satisfied that you know of your rights, including your right to go to trial, because I am satisfied that you're aware of the consequences of your plea, including the sentence which may be imposed, and because I find that you're voluntarily pleading guilty, I accept your guilty plea and enter a judgment of guilty on the one count to which you have pled guilty.

Now, the probation department is going to want to interview you in connection with the presentence report that it will prepare. If you choose to speak with the probation department, please make sure that anything you say to them is truthful and accurate. Judges in this district read those reports carefully. It is important to them in deciding what sentence to impose. I know it will be important to Judge Koeltl.

You and your counsel have a right to examine the report and to comment on it at the time of sentencing. I urge

you to read it and to discuss with your attorneys before sentencing. If there are any mistakes in it, please point them out to your counsel so that they can bring it to your attention before sentence.

Will you agree to do that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. One moment.

(Pause)

THE COURT: Ms. Lewis, is this a case in which your client is seeking an expedited sentence?

MS. LEWIS: Yes, your Honor. In the sense that within the normal scope, we would like to move things as quickly as possible.

THE COURT: Let me be clear what I meant.

Ordinarily, as you know, Ms. Lewis, sentencing takes place in or around three and a half months from the date of sentencing. I take it that is what you're seeking.

There is a separate opportunity that your client has under the rules to dispense with the draft presentence report and achieve sentencing in a six-to-seven-week time frame, but that would entail a waiver I would need to question him on his right to get a draft presentence report.

MS. LEWIS: Your Honor, we do desire to have a draft presentence report just to set the schedule.

THE COURT: To be clear, your client isn't seeking an

expedited sentence, you want to make sure that the sentence is no later than necessary for a properly noticed sentence with a draft presentence report?

MS. LEWIS: Yes. I misspoke with regard to the nature of it specifically.

THE COURT: Of course.

I am going to set down a sentencing date which is consistent with that. To be clear, my chambers did not receive from Judge Koeltl his availability. I am setting down a date in the hope that it works for Judge Koeltl. I am going to ask counsel together to reach out to Judge Koeltl's chambers promptly because it may be that he chooses to move the sentencing date in one direction or another a little bit just to accommodate his schedule.

MR. BEATY: We will, your Honor.

THE COURT: For the time being, I am going to set sentencing down for June 20 at 9:30 a.m. before Judge Koeltl.

Defense counsel must arrange for the defendant to be interviewed by the probation department within the next two weeks. The government should also provide its case summary to the probation department within the next two weeks. Ordinarily I provide that the defense sentencing submission should be due two weeks before sentencing and the government's sentencing submission should be due one week before. I don't know whether Judge Koeltl has any different parameters as to that, but I am

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going to ask counsel to take that up with his chambers as well
1
      so that he can direct you. Until you hear otherwise, you
 2
 3
      should operate on the assumption that those guide posts are in
 4
      place.
 5
               MR. BEATY: Yes, your Honor.
               MS. LEWIS:
 6
                          Yes.
 7
               THE COURT: What is the defendant's current bail
8
      status, Mr. Beaty?
9
               MR. BEATY: The defendant is currently detained and
10
      the government has no motion on that front.
11
               THE COURT: Very good.
12
               Defense, I take it that is not something that is being
13
      challenged today?
14
               MS. LEWIS:
                          No, your Honor.
15
               THE COURT: Very good.
               Anything further from the government?
16
17
               MR. BEATY:
                           No.
18
               THE COURT: Anything further from the defense?
19
               MS. LEWIS:
                          No, your Honor.
20
               THE COURT: Wish you all a good day and a good
21
      weekend.
22
               Mr. Beaty, I'm handing back the signed plea agreement
23
      and the signed waiver terms.
24
               Thank you.
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(Adjourned)